

Development of Unified Spatial Infrastructure Status Index for Developing Nations

Mohamed M. Mostafa & Mohamed Abdel-Salam
 mostafam@iti-idsc.net.eg mabdel@ucalgary.ca

Definition

SDI = Spatial Data Infrastructure

Groot, 2000 defined the Spatial Data Infrastructure SDI as the **processes** that **enhance** the spatial data **availability** and **management**. It is a set of institutional, technical and economical arrangements that facilitate access to and responsible use of integrated and timely geo-information at affordable cost.

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

Introduction

- Spatial data as an asset
- GIServices and Products
- Spatial data and Decision Making/Investment
- Effort waste in data gathering
- How to build SDI? (Copy & Paste)
- Who build SDI?
- Need for Standards

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

SDI Building Blocks

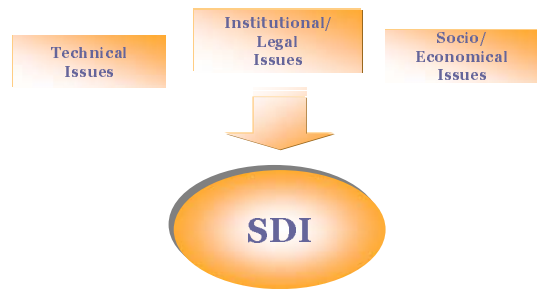


FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

SDI Evaluation

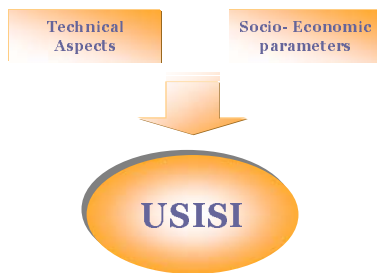


FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

i. Geospatial and Technical Aspects

- Status of Spatial reference frames (G1)

Index element	Status of spatial reference frames		
sub index	Accuracy of reference frames	Availability of conversion parameters	Method of accessibility
value	6-0	2-0	2-0

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

i. Geospatial and Technical Aspects (cont.)

- Existence of Analog Maps (G2)
- Availability of Spatial DB (G3)
- Existence of Global Data Model and Metadata (G4)

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

ii. Institutional and Socioeconomic Aspects

- Quality of Human Resources (S1)

Rank	Country name	Human development Index	technical Index
7	Finland	0.930 ==> 4.65	0.744 ==> 3.72
6	New Zealand	0.917 ==> 4.59	0.548 ==> 2.74
72	China	0.726 ==> 3.63	0.299 ==> 1.50
97	Algeria	0.697 ==> 3.49	0.221 ==> 1.11

Human development and the technical indices (source: UNDP, 2003)

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

ii. Institutional and Socioeconomic Aspects (cont.)

- Cultural Awareness of the Benefits of Spatial Information (S2)
- Cultural Ability to Reform (S3)
- Level of Centralism (S4)
- Involvement Level of Non-Governmental Organizations (S5)
- Transparency Index (S6)
- Financing and Pricing Policies (S7)

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

Example

Geospatial Aspects				Socioeconomic Aspects											
G1	G2	G3	G4	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7					
4	2	2	4	2	0.15	0.00001	6	0	0.9	5	1	1	2	0.4	7

USISI for country X

Geospatial Aspects				Socioeconomic Aspects														
G1	G2	G3	G4	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7								
4	0	2	2	4	0	0	0.3	0.2	0.00001	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.4	4

USISI for country Y

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

Summary and Conclusion

- The purpose of this paper was to develop a unified status index to help decision makers and funding organizations to direct their priorities and funds toward the most appropriate country (ies).
- The preliminary elements of the proposed index have been developed. More revision for these elements will be done and a case study gathering several developing nations will be applied

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

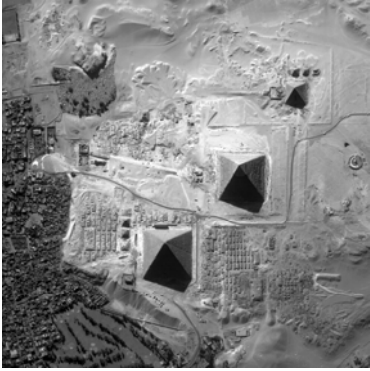
Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

REFERENCES

- Groot, R. and McLaughlin, J. (2000), GeoSpatial Data Infrastructure, Oxford University Press
- Transparency International, 2004 URL <http://www.unicef.org/infobycountry/index.html>
- UNDP, 2003 2003 Arab Human Report 2003, Building a Knowledge Society, A.03.III.B.9 ISBN 92-1-626000-9.
- UNICEF, 2004 URL: <http://www.unicef.org/infobycountry/index.html>

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5



Good Infrastructure will remain

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5

Thanks for your Attention

**Eng. Mohamed M. Mostafa, M. Sc.
R&D Manager, ITI, Egypt
mmostafa@idsc.net.eg**

FIG Working Week 2005 and GSDI-8

Evaluation SDIs, TS36.5